

ABSTRAK

Zeutia Lintan Adieratna (1198010237): “Pengaruh Partisipasi Masyarakat Terhadap Pengelolaan Dana Desa Sawahdadap Kecamatan Cimanggung Kabupaten Sumedang”

Penelitian ini dilatarbelakangi karena dana desa di Desa Sawahdadap mengalami kondisi yang fluktuatif dan jumlahnya cukup besar, jika dikelola Pemerintah Desa saja dikhawatirkan dana desa itu tidak dipakai sebagaimana fungsinya serta tidak memberikan manfaat bagi masyarakat. Oleh karena itu, perlu adanya partisipasi masyarakatnya. Tetapi berdasarkan data yang ada, bahwa partisipasi masyarakat terhadap proses pengelolaan dana desa di Desa Sawahdadap, Kecamatan Cimanggung, Kabupaten Sumedang ini dirasa masih kurang. Hal itu dibuktikan dari data daftar hadir Musrembang RPJM Desa tahun 2021, walaupun jumlah yang hadir sudah dari cukup, tapi peneliti rasa Pemdes perlu melibatkan juga perwakilan dari kalangan masyarakat lain dan bukan hanya tokoh masyarakat saja. Fenomena lainnya yang ditemukan yaitu masih rendahnya tingkat pendidikan masyarakat di Desa Sawahdadap yang menjadi salah satu faktor penghambat masyarakat dalam memberikan partisipasinya.

Penelitian ini memiliki tujuan untuk mengetahui adakah pengaruh partisipasi masyarakat terhadap pengelolaan Dana Desa Sawahdadap, Kecamatan Cimanggung, Kabupaten Sumedang.

Penelitian ini menggunakan teori partisipasi dari Cohen dan Uphoff dalam (Prayitno et al., 2009), dimana teori ini membagi partisipasi masyarakat ke dalam empat macam tahap kegiatan, yaitu tahap pengambilan keputusan, tahap pelaksanaan kegiatan, tahap menikmati hasil, dan tahap evaluasi. Metode penelitiannya adalah metode penelitian kuantitatif dengan pendekatan asosiatif. Teknik pengumpulan datanya adalah observasi, kuesioner dan studi dokumen. Cara pengambilan sampel yaitu dengan teknik *purposive sampling*, dengan responden sebanyak 48 orang, yaitu 38 orang masyarakat dan 10 orang aparatur desa. Pengujian statistik yang digunakan yaitu uji validitas, uji reliabilitas, uji asumsi klasik, analisis regresi linier berganda, analisis koefisien determinasi, uji parsial (uji t), serta uji simultan (uji f).

Hasil penelitian ini menunjukkan bahwa dimensi tahap pengambilan keputusan, tahap pelaksanaan kegiatan, dan tahap menikmati hasil dalam variabel partisipasi masyarakat berpengaruh terhadap pengelolaan dana desa Sawahdadap. Sedangkan, dimensi tahap evaluasi dinyatakan tidak memiliki pengaruh terhadap pengelolaan dana Desa Sawahdadap. Dan secara simultan penelitian ini menyatakan bahwa partisipasi masyarakat berpengaruh positif dan signifikan terhadap pengelolaan dana Desa Sawahdadap Kecamatan Cimanggung Kabupaten Sumedang. Dengan persentase pengaruh sebesar 42,9%, dengan kriteria tingkat hubungan cukup tinggi.

Kata Kunci: Partisipasi Masyarakat, Pengelolaan Dana Desa, Laporan Keuangan Pemerintah Desa.

ABSTRACT

Zeutia Lintan Adieratna (1198010237): "The Influence of Community Participation on Fund Management in Sawahdadap Village, Cimanggung District, Sumedang Regency"

This research was motivated by the fact that village funds in Sawahdadap Village are experiencing fluctuating conditions and are quite large in amount. If managed by the Village Government alone, it is feared that the village funds will not be used according to their function and will not provide benefits to the community. Therefore, community participation is needed. However, based on existing data, community participation in the process of managing village funds in Sawahdadap Village, Cimanggung District, Sumedang Regency is still lacking. This is evidenced by the attendance list data for the 2021 Village RPJM Musrembang, although the number of attendees was sufficient, the researcher feels that the Village Government needs to also involve representatives from other community groups and not just community leaders. Another phenomenon found is the low level of education of the community in Sawahdadap Village, which is one of the inhibiting factors for the community in providing their participation.

This study aims to determine whether there is an influence of community participation on the management of the Sawahdadap Village Fund, Cimanggung District, Sumedang Regency.

This study uses the theory of participation from Cohen and Uphoff in (Prayitno et al., 2009), where this theory divides community participation into four stages of activity, namely the decision-making stage, the activity implementation stage, the stage of enjoying the results, and the evaluation stage. The research method is a quantitative research method with an associative approach. The data collection techniques are observation, questionnaires and document studies. The sampling method is by purposive sampling technique, with 48 respondents, namely 38 community members and 10 village officials. The statistical tests used are validity test, reliability test, classical assumption test, multiple linear regression analysis, determination coefficient analysis, partial test (t test), and simultaneous test (f test).

The results of this study indicate that the dimensions of the decision-making stage, activity implementation stage, and the stage of enjoying the results in the community participation variable have an effect on the management of Sawahdadap village funds. Meanwhile, the evaluation stage dimension is stated to have no effect on the management of Sawahdadap Village funds. And simultaneously this study states that community participation has a positive and significant effect on the management of funds in Sawahdadap Village, Cimanggung District, Sumedang Regency. With a percentage of influence of 42.9%, with a fairly high level of relationship criteria..

Keywords: *Community Participation, Village Fund Management, Village Government Financial Reports.*