

Abstrak

Penelitian ini dilatarbelakangi oleh rendahnya keterlibatan siswa dalam pembelajaran di SMA X. Tujuan penelitian adalah mengetahui pengaruh *school connectedness* dan *parental involvement* terhadap *student engagement*. Metode yang digunakan adalah kuantitatif korelasional dengan teknik sampling total, melibatkan 126 siswa kelas XI dan XII. Instrumen penelitian meliputi Student School Climate Survey, Parent's Basic Involvement Decision Scale, dan School Engagement Measure (SEM)-MacArthur. Analisis data menggunakan regresi linier berganda dengan SPSS 25. Hasil uji secara parsial menunjukkan bahwa *school connectedness* berpengaruh signifikan terhadap *student engagement*, sedangkan *parental involvement* tidak menunjukkan adanya pengaruh signifikan. Pada uji secara simultan kedua variabel berpengaruh signifikan terhadap *student engagement*.

Kata Kunci : *School connectedness, Parental involvement, Student engagement*

Abstract

This study was motivated by the low level of student engagement in learning at SMA X. The purpose of this research is to examine the effect of school connectedness and parental involvement on student engagement. The method used was quantitative correlational with a total sampling technique, involving 126 students from grades XI and XII. The research instruments included the Student School Climate Survey, Parent's Basic Involvement Decision Scale, and School Engagement Measure (SEM)-MacArthur. Data analysis used multiple linear regression with SPSS 25. The partial test results showed that school connectedness had a significant effect on student engagement, while parental involvement did not show a significant effect. In the simultaneous test, both variables had a significant effect on student engagement.

Keywords: *School connectedness, Parental involvement, Student engagement*